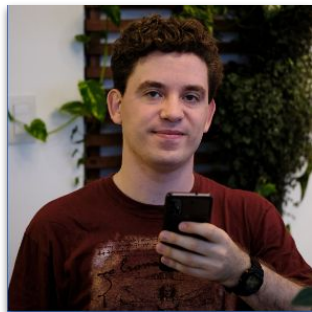


Package by Component + C4 + Structurizr



Lucas Rogério Masotti
contato@luroma.com.br



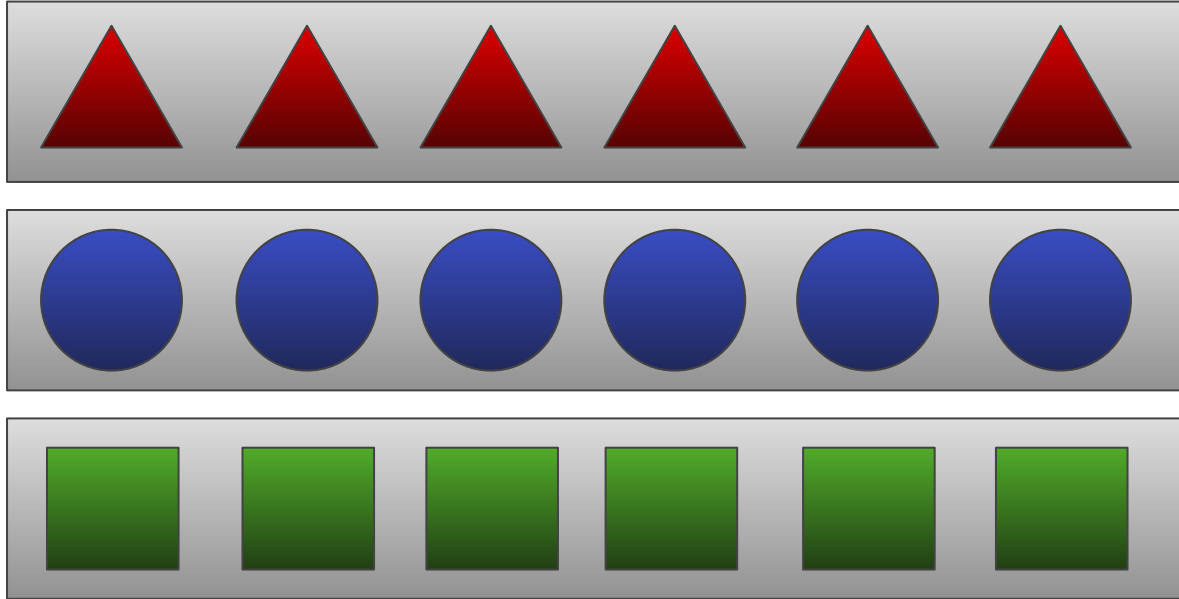
Lucas Rogério Masotti

- 11+ anos de experiência, principalmente backend e setor financeiro
- Staff Engineer Meios de Pagamentos - Sicredi
- Pós UX, MBA Gestão Marketing e pós Gestão de Negócios
- **Arquitetura, Design Organizacional e Diminuição de Complexidade Acidental**



Como organizar o código?

Package by layer

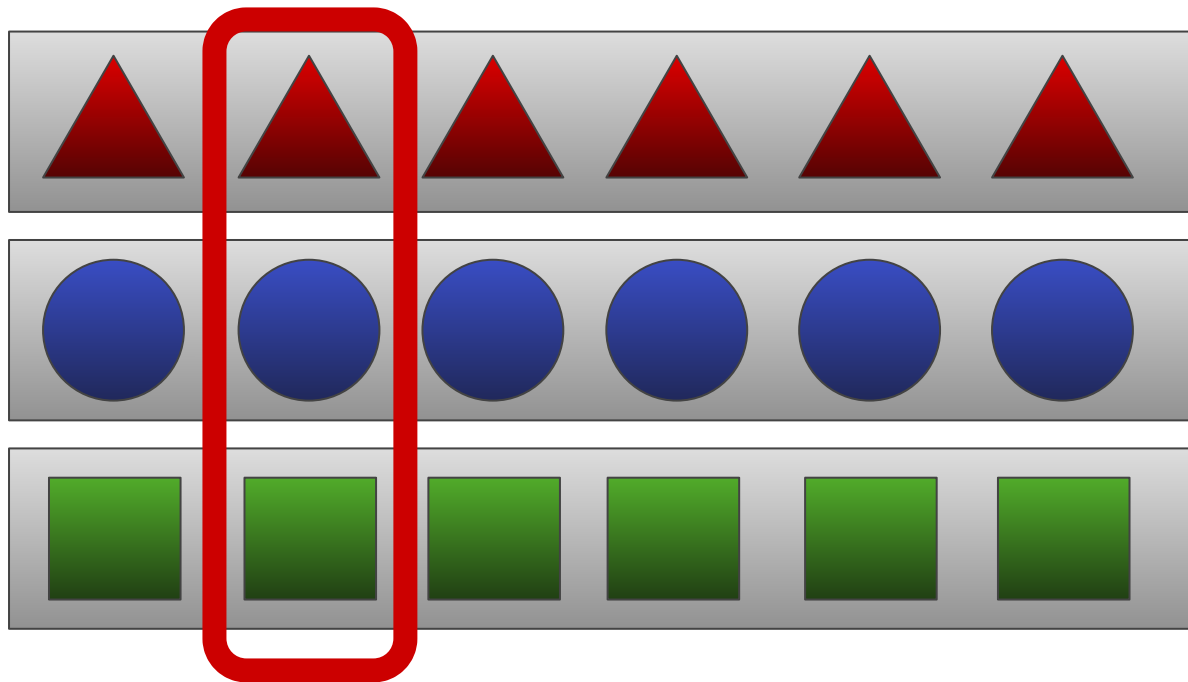


Controller
(web)

Service
(business)

Repository
(data)

Alterações



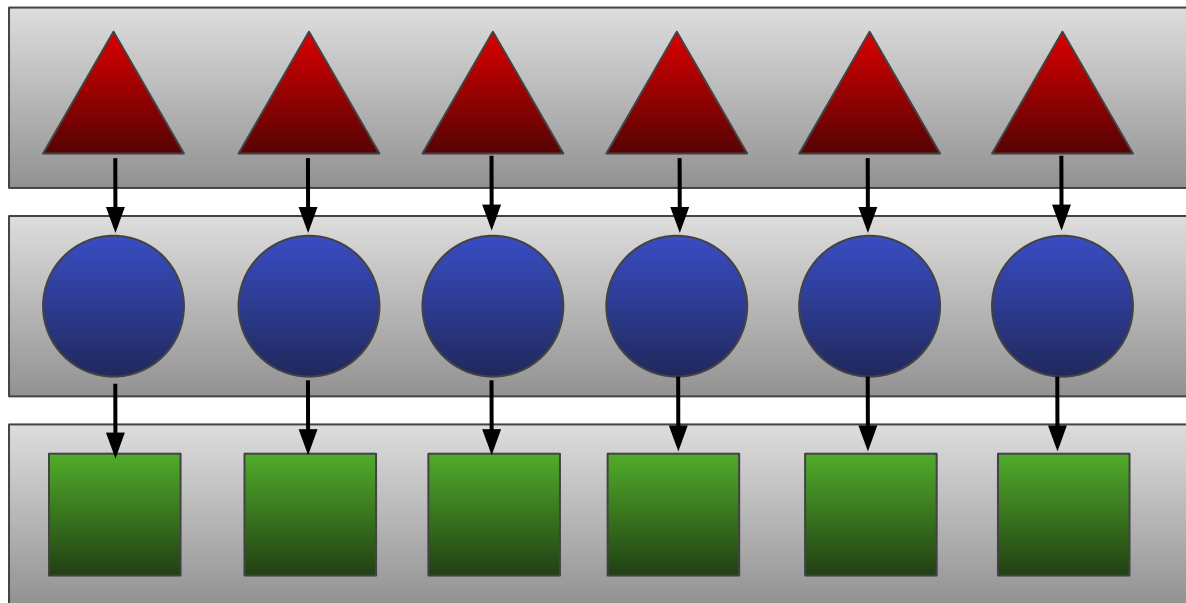
Controller
(web)

Service
(business)

Repository
(data)

Em teoria...

PUBLIC



Controller
(web)

Service
(business)

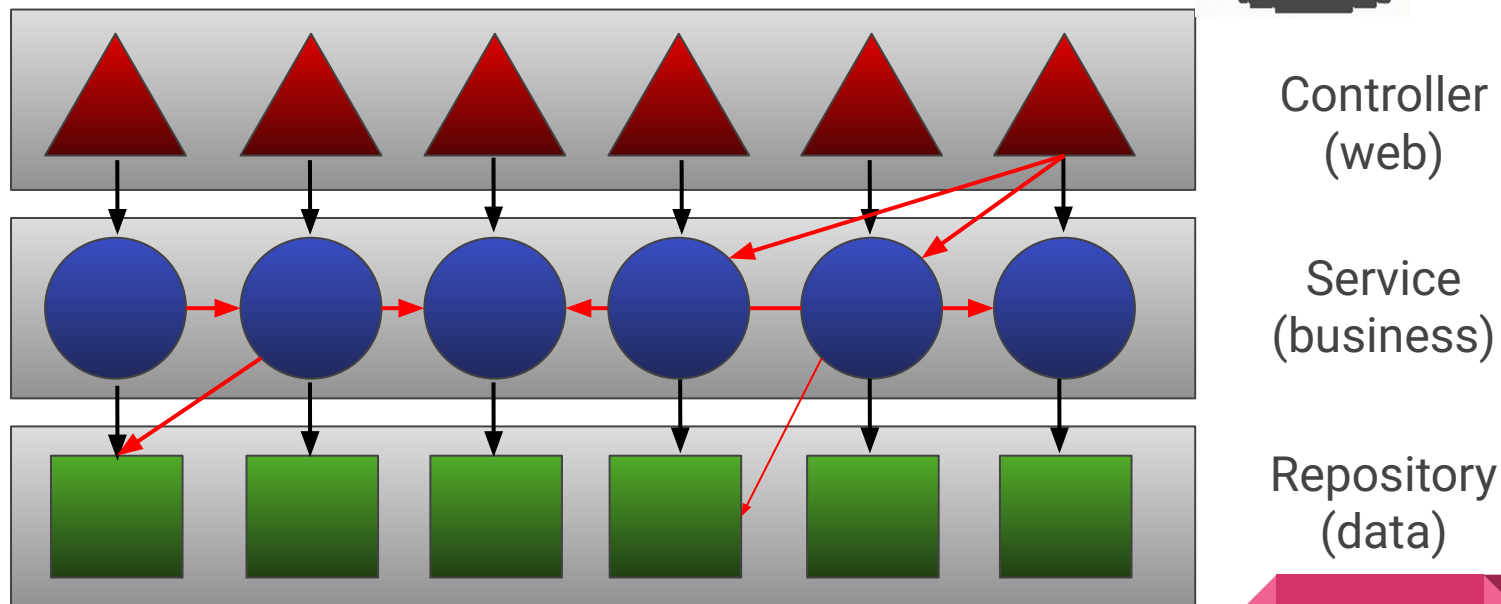
Repository
(data)

Big ball of mud

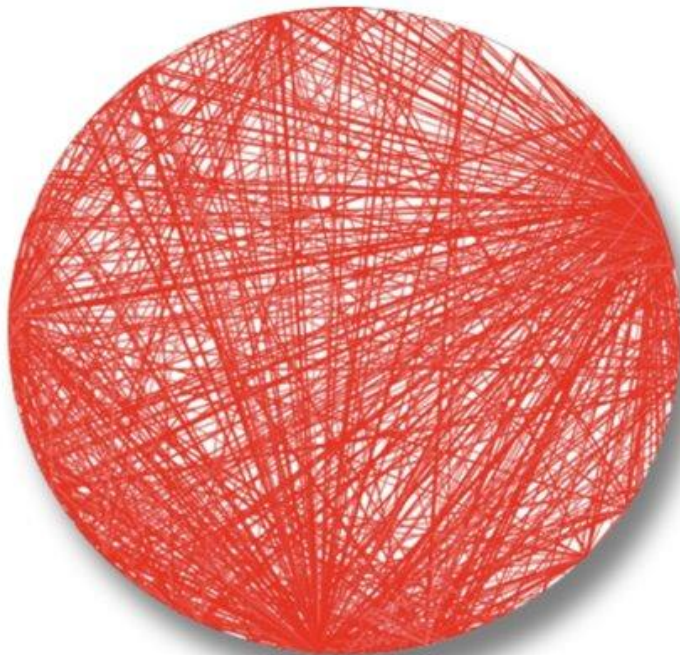
PUBLIC



LUROMA



Big ball of mud



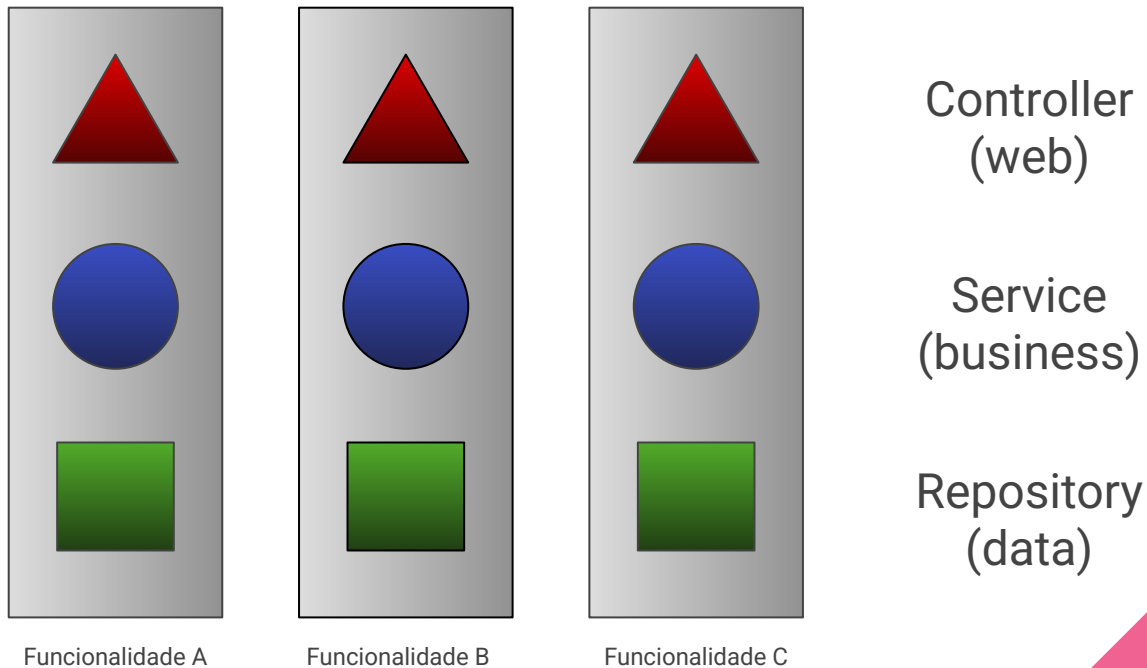
Cada ponto no
perímetro do círculo
representa um classe

Cada linha uma
conexão entre classes

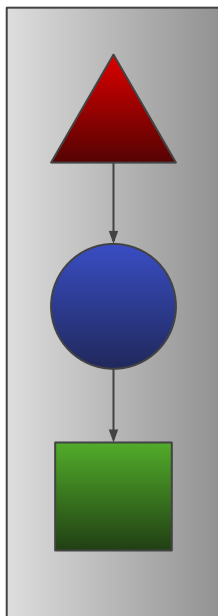
Figure 9-1. A Big Ball of Mud architecture visualized from a real code base



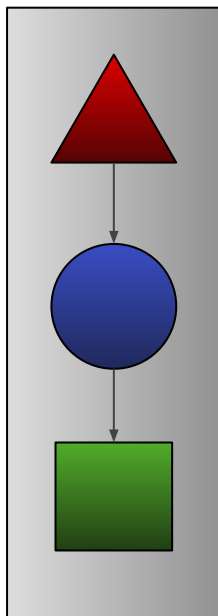
Package by feature



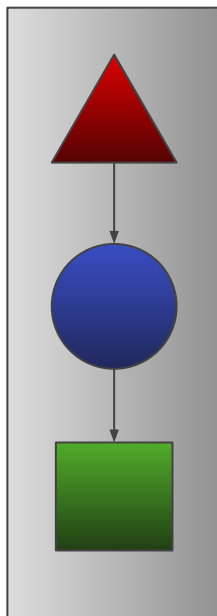
Em teoria...



Funcionalidade A



Funcionalidade B

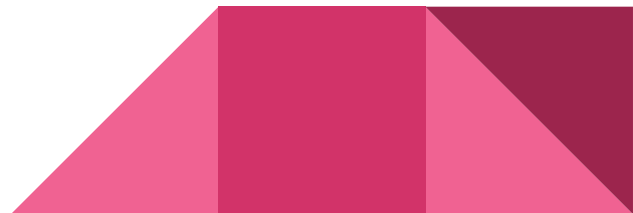


Funcionalidade C

Controller
(web)

Service
(business)

Repository
(data)

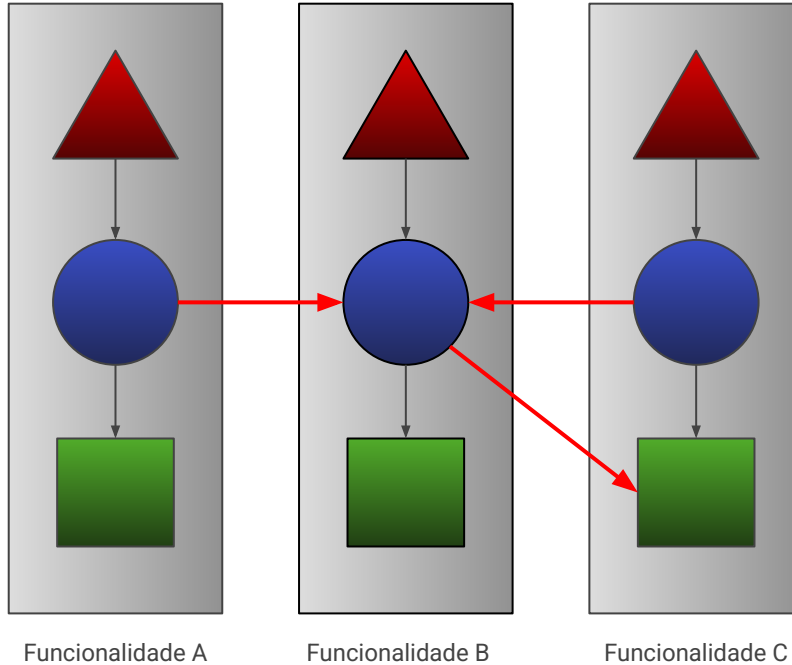


Package by feature

PUBLIC



LUROMA



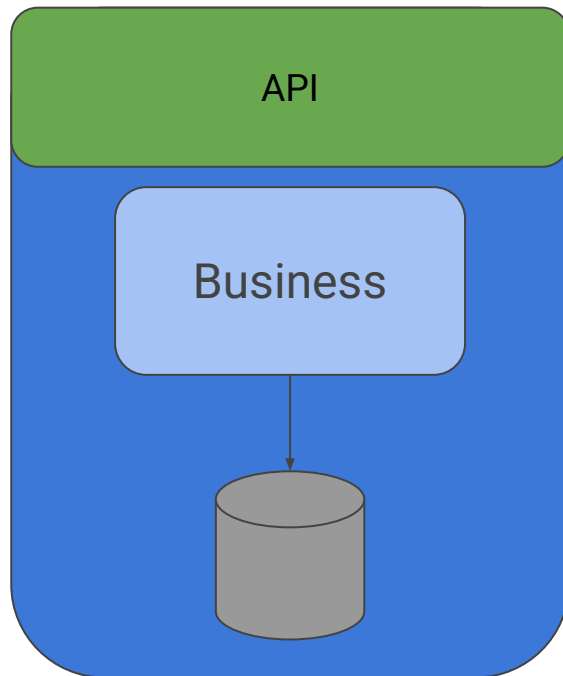
Controller
(web)

Service
(business)

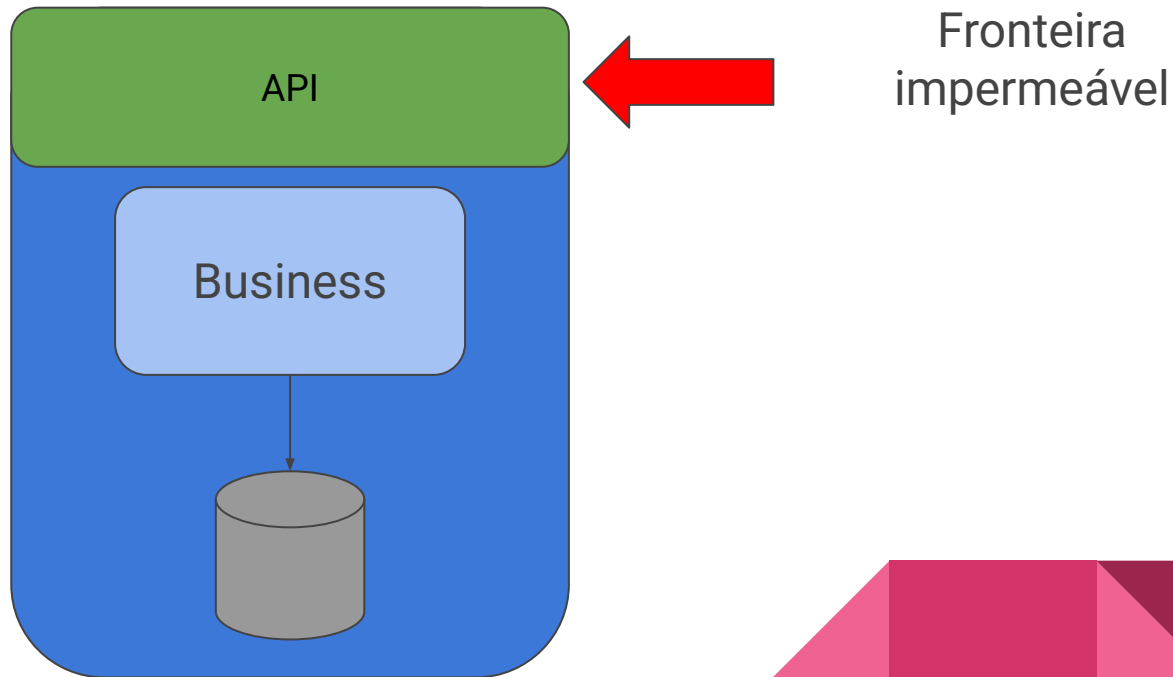
Repository
(data)

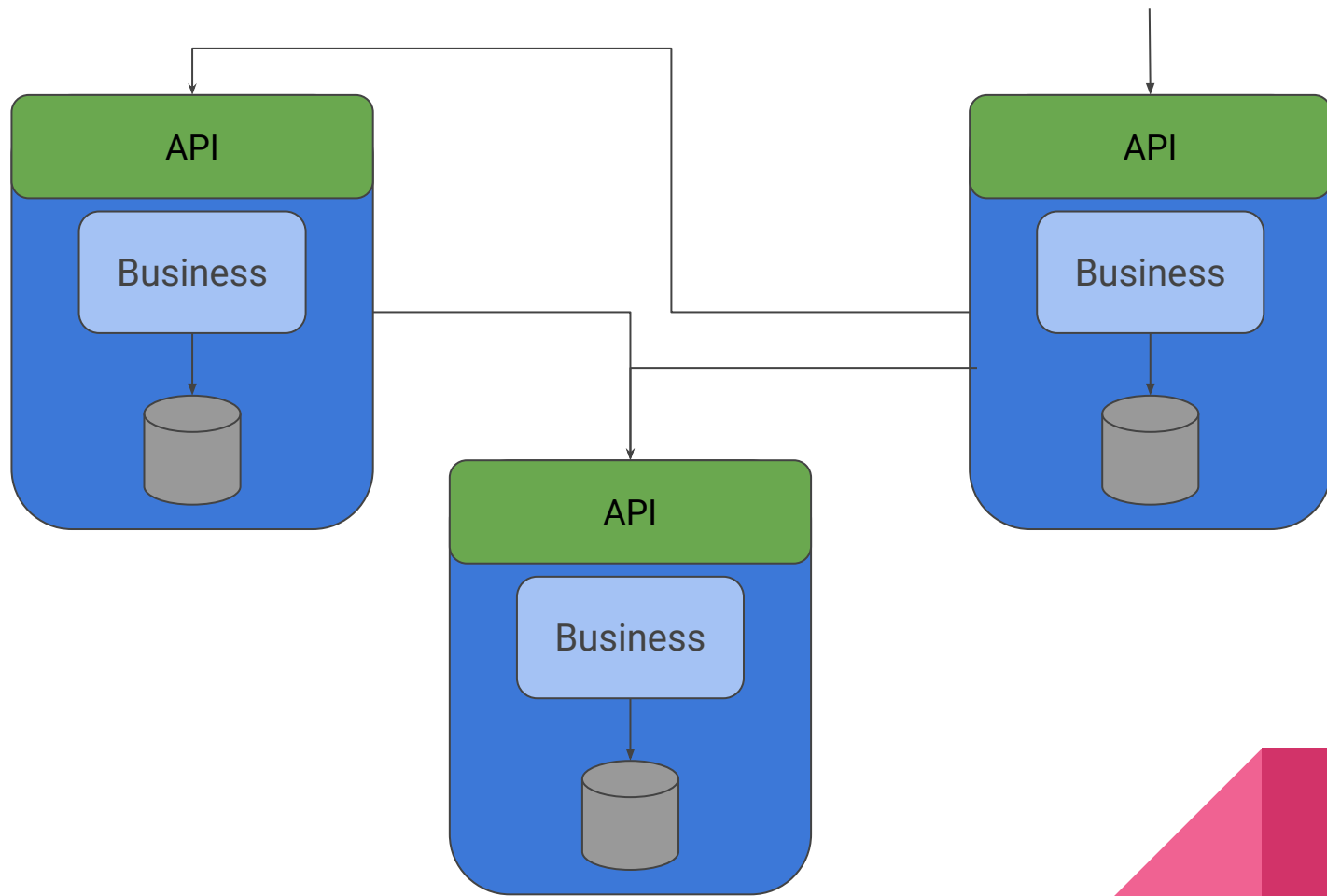


Microserviços

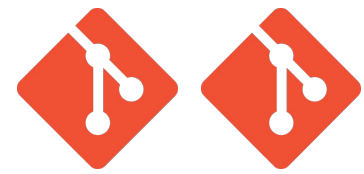
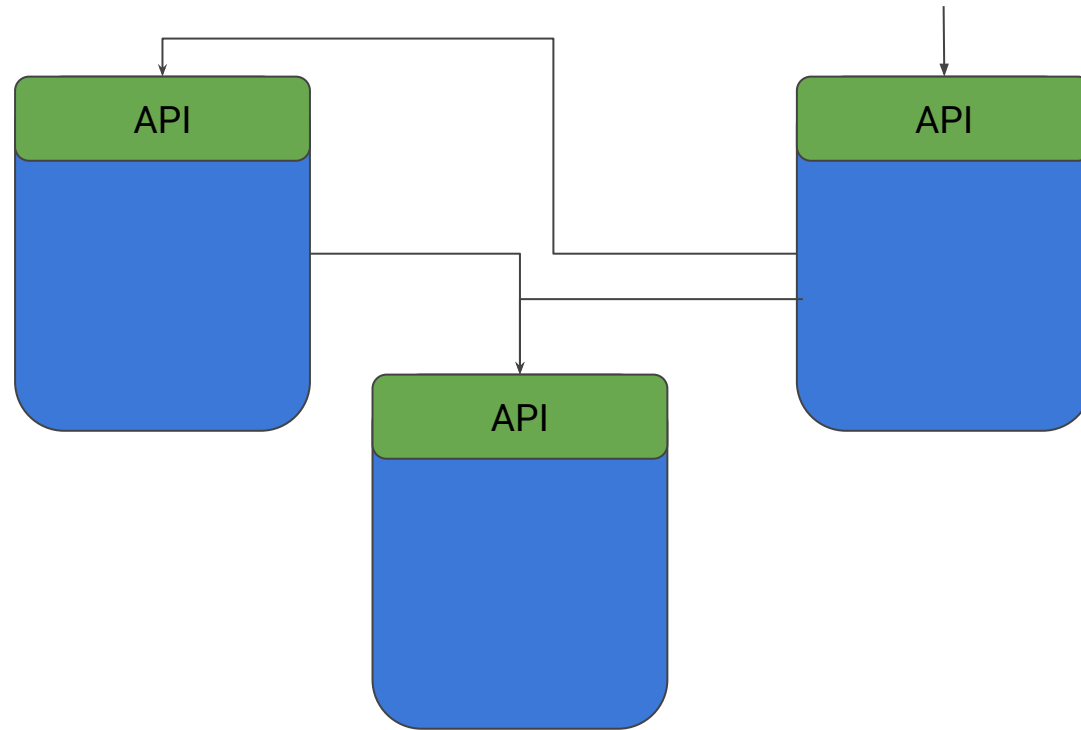


Microserviços como forma de desacoplamento





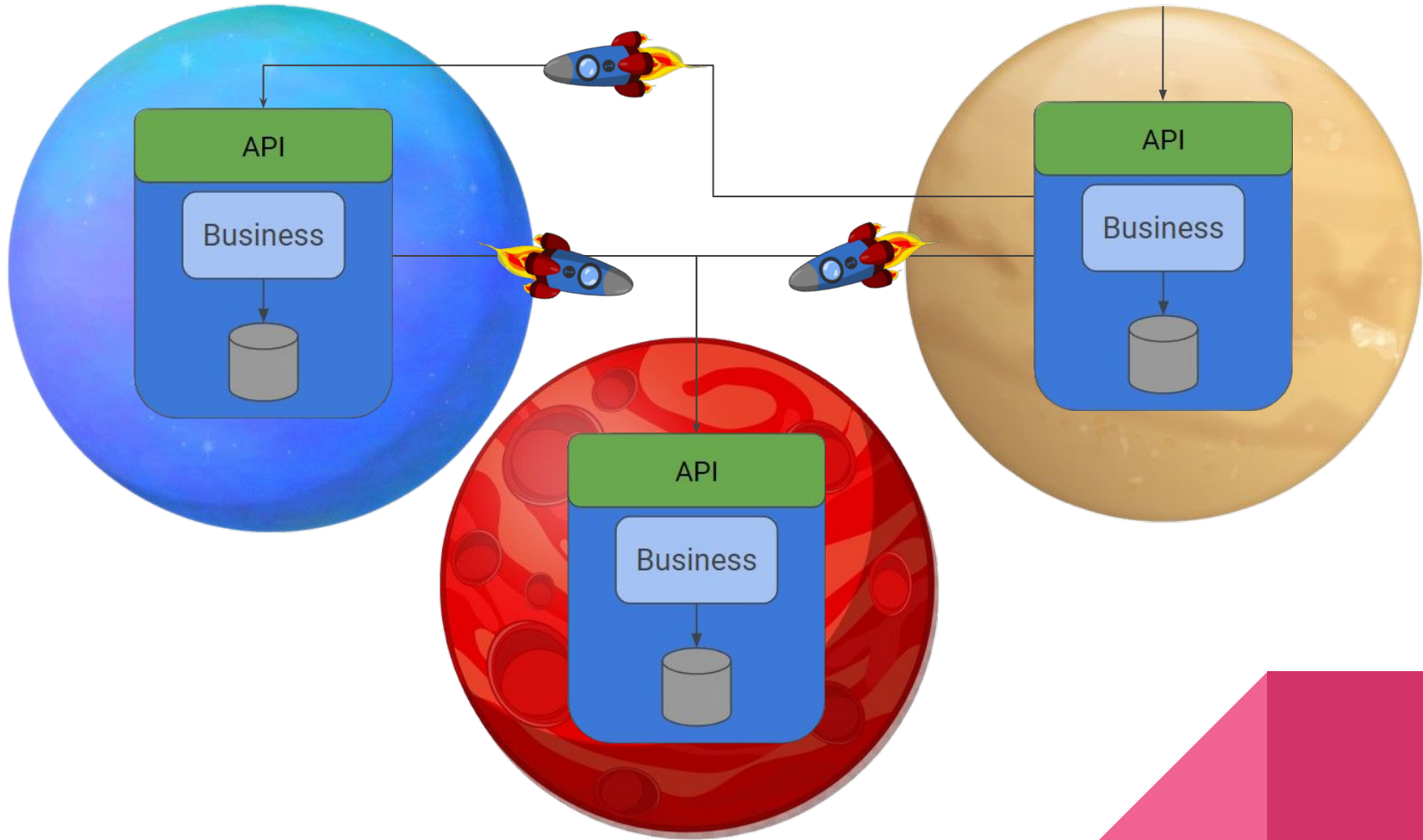
Encapsulamento



LUROMA



É só usar microserviços!
Tudo resolvido então?



Falácias da computação distribuída

Fallacy #1: The Network Is Reliable

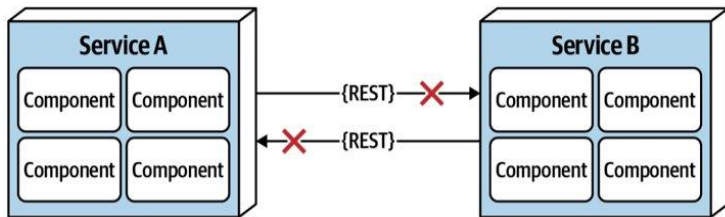


Figure 9-2. The network is not reliable

Fallacy #2: Latency Is Zero

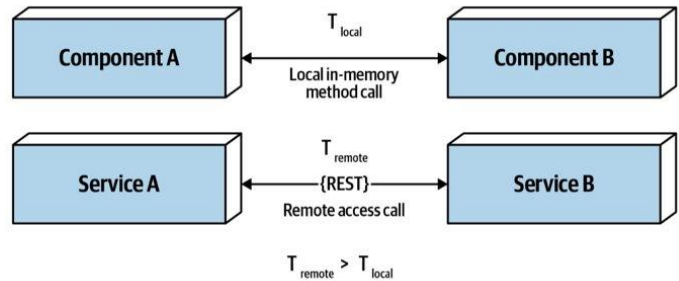


Figure 9-3. Latency is not zero

Fallacy #3: Bandwidth Is Infinite

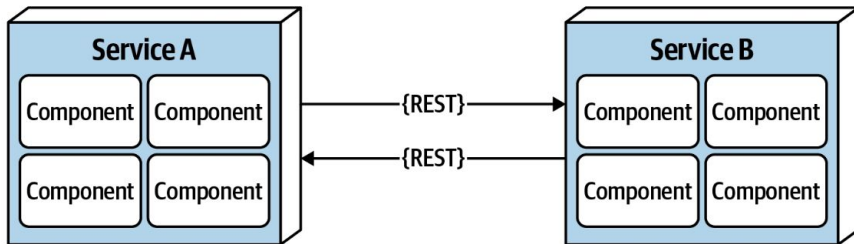


Figure 9-4. Bandwidth is not infinite

Fallacy #4: The Network Is Secure

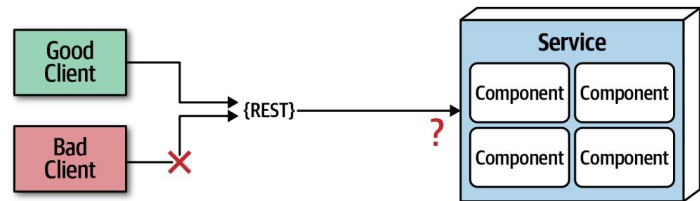


Figure 9-5. The network is not secure

Custo, performance e simplicidade

Architecture characteristic	Star rating
Partitioning type	Domain
Number of quanta	1 to many
Deployability	★★★★
Elasticity	★★★★★
Evolutionary	★★★★★
Fault tolerance	★★★★
Modularity	★★★★★
Overall cost	★
Performance	★★
Reliability	★★★★
Scalability	★★★★★
Simplicity	★
Testability	★★★★

Figure 17-13. Ratings for microservices

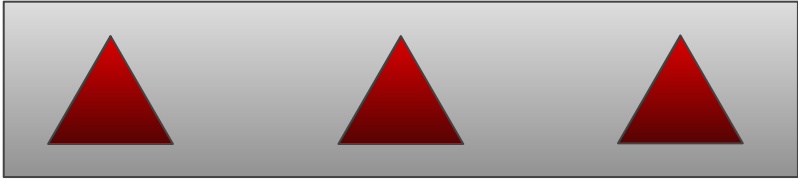
- Logs distribuídos
- Transações distribuídas
(consistência eventual, sagas)
- Manutenção e versionamento de contratos



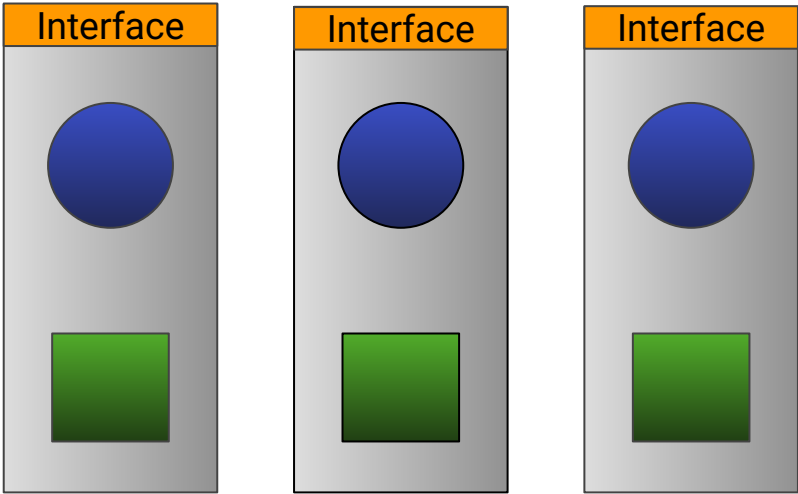
Package by component



Package by component



Controller
(web)



Service
(business)

Repository
(data)

Componente A

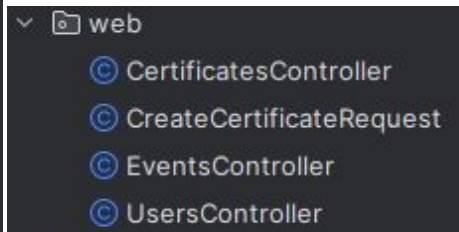
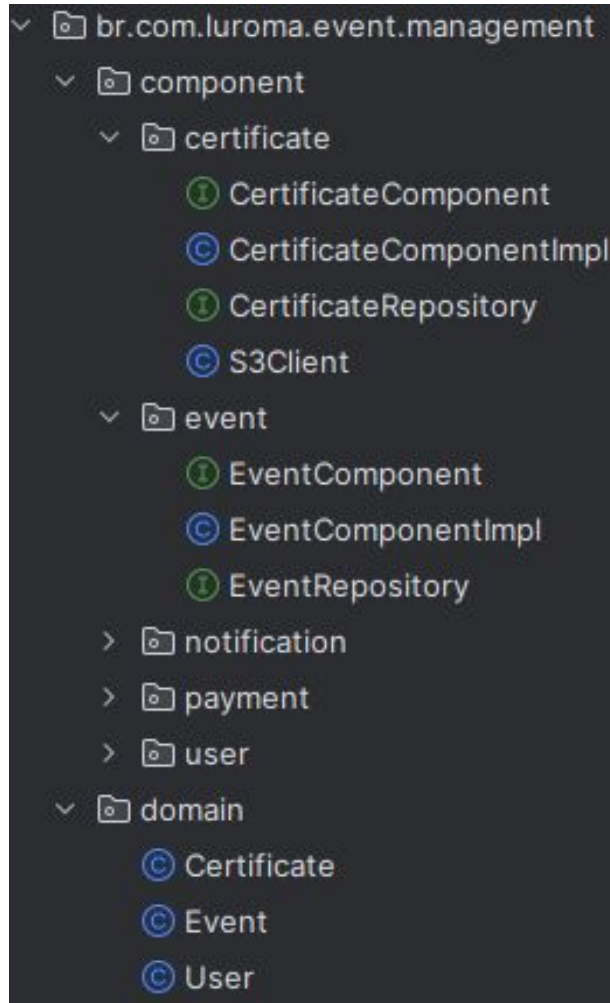
Componente B

Componente C



Package by component

- Um pacote para as *controllers*
- Um pacote para cada *component*, com uma interface pública
- Um pacote *domain*
- O restante do código do pacote é *package-private*, estrutura flat



```
public interface CertificateComponent {
    List<Certificate> getCertificates(String userId);
    Certificate createCertificate(String userId, String eventId);
}
```

```
@Component
class CertificateComponentImpl implements CertificateComponent {
    private final CertificateRepository certificateRepository;

    public CertificateComponentImpl(CertificateRepository certificateRepository) {
        this.certificateRepository = certificateRepository;
    }

    @Override
    public List<Certificate> getCertificates(String userId) {
        return certificateRepository.findByUserId(userId);
    }

    @Override
    public Certificate createCertificate(String userId, String eventId) {
        return certificateRepository.save(new Certificate(userId, eventId));
    }
}
```



```
interface CertificateRepository extends CrudRepository<Certificate, String> {
    List<Certificate> findByUserId(String userId);
}
```

```

@Component
class CertificateComponentImpl implements CertificateComponent {
    private final CertificateRepository certificateRepository;

    public CertificateComponentImpl(CertificateRepository certificateRepository) {
        this.certificateRepository = certificateRepository;
    }

    @Override
    public List<Certificate> getCertificates(String userId) {

        return certificateRepository.findByUserId(userId);
    }

    @Override
    public Certificate createCertificate(String userId, String eventId) {
        return certificateRepository.save(new Certificate(userId, eventId));
    }
}

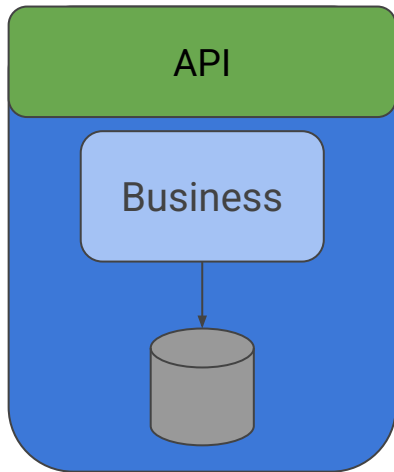
```

- ✓ component
 - ✓ certificate
 - ① CertificateComponent
 - ② CertificateComponentImpl
 - ③ CertificateRepository
 - ④ S3Client
 - > event
 - > notification
 - > payment
 - > user
- ✓ domain
 - ⑤ Certificate
 - ⑥ Event



Na prática...

Fronteira impermeável



```
public interface CertificateComponent {
    List<Certificate> getCertificates(String userId);
    Certificate createCertificate(String userId, String eventId);
}
```



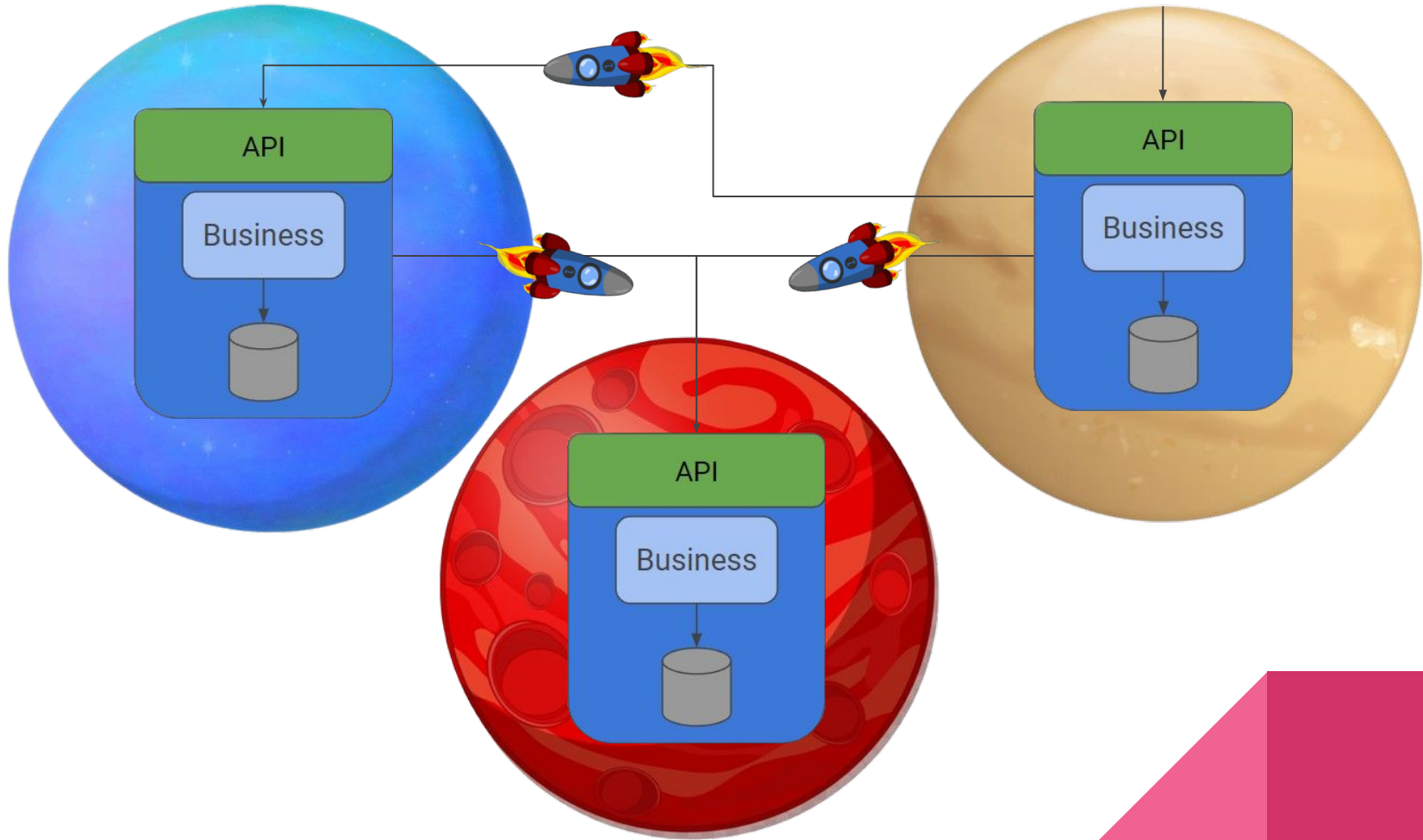
```
@Component
class CertificateComponentImpl implements CertificateComponent {
    private final CertificateRepository certificateRepository;

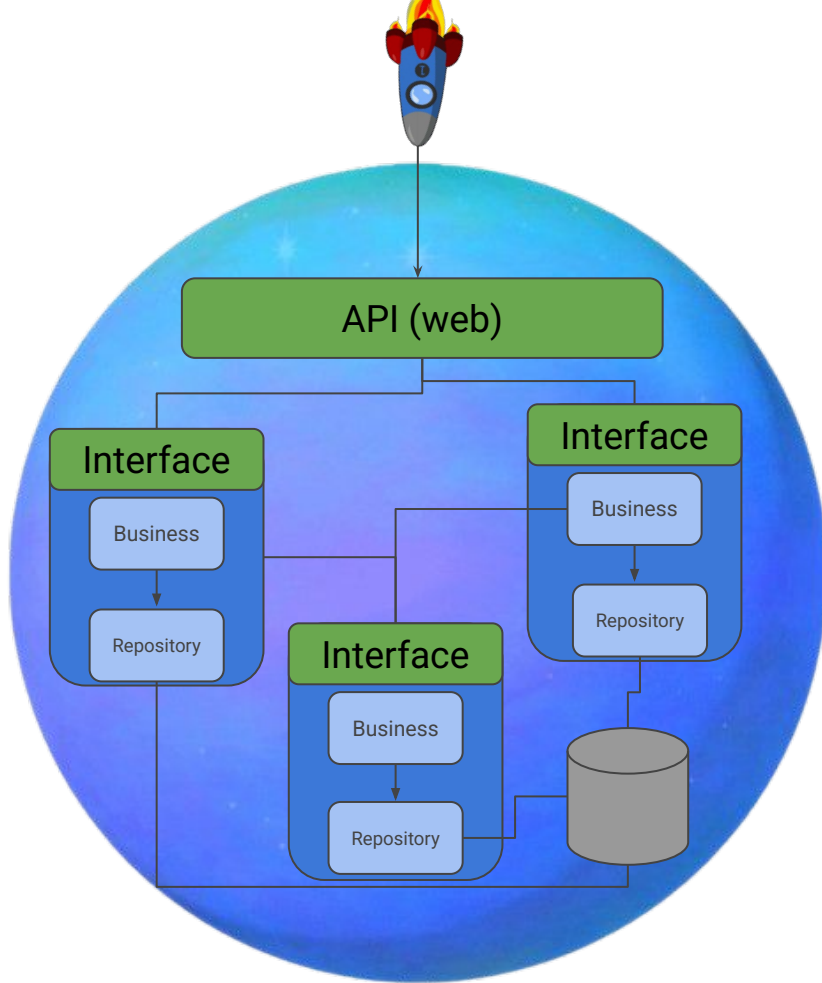
    public CertificateComponentImpl(CertificateRepository certificateRepository) {
        this.certificateRepository = certificateRepository;
    }

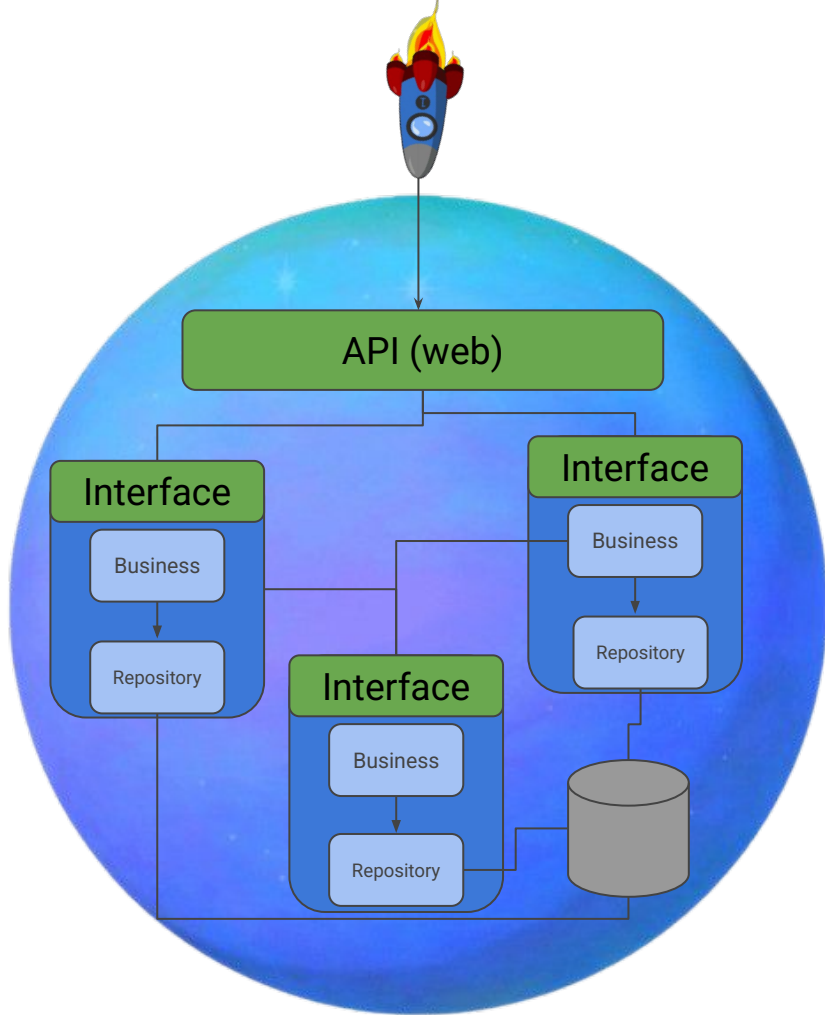
    @Override
    public List<Certificate> getCertificates(String userId) {
        return certificateRepository.findById(userId);
    }

    @Override
    public Certificate createCertificate(String userId, String eventId) {
        return certificateRepository.save(new Certificate(userId, eventId));
    }
}
```

```
interface CertificateRepository extends CrudRepository<Certificate, String> {
    List<Certificate> findById(String userId);
}
```

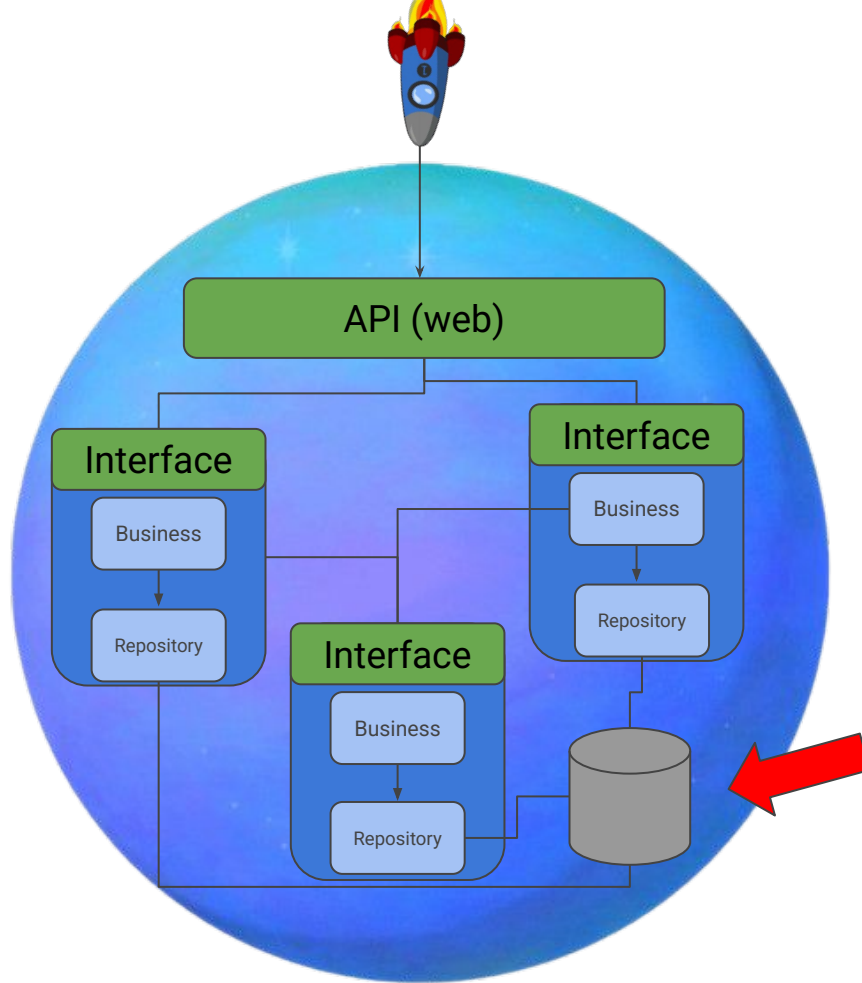






- Facilidade de refatoração
- Chamadas em memória
- Desenvolvimento mais simples

Sem
microserviços?



Uma única base?

Como definir os components?

Programming
Techniques

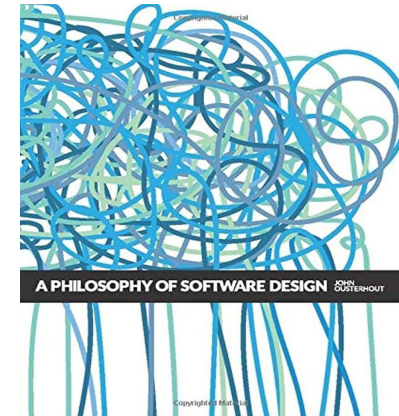
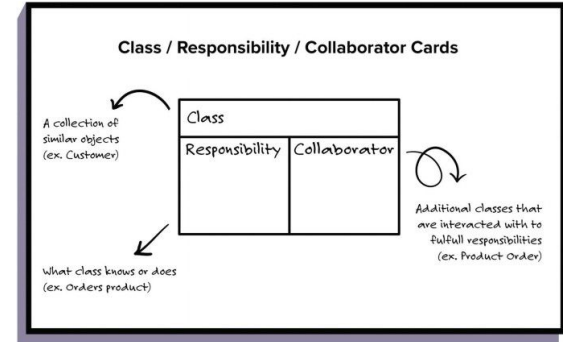
R. Morris
Editor

On the Criteria To Be Used in Decomposing Systems into Modules

Expected Benefits of Modular Programming

The benefits expected of modular programming are:
(1) managerial—development time should be shortened because separate groups would work on each module with little need for communication; (2) product flexibility—it should be possible to make drastic changes to one module without a need to change others; (3) comprehensibility—it should be possible to study the system one module at a time. The whole system can therefore be better designed because it is better understood.

1972



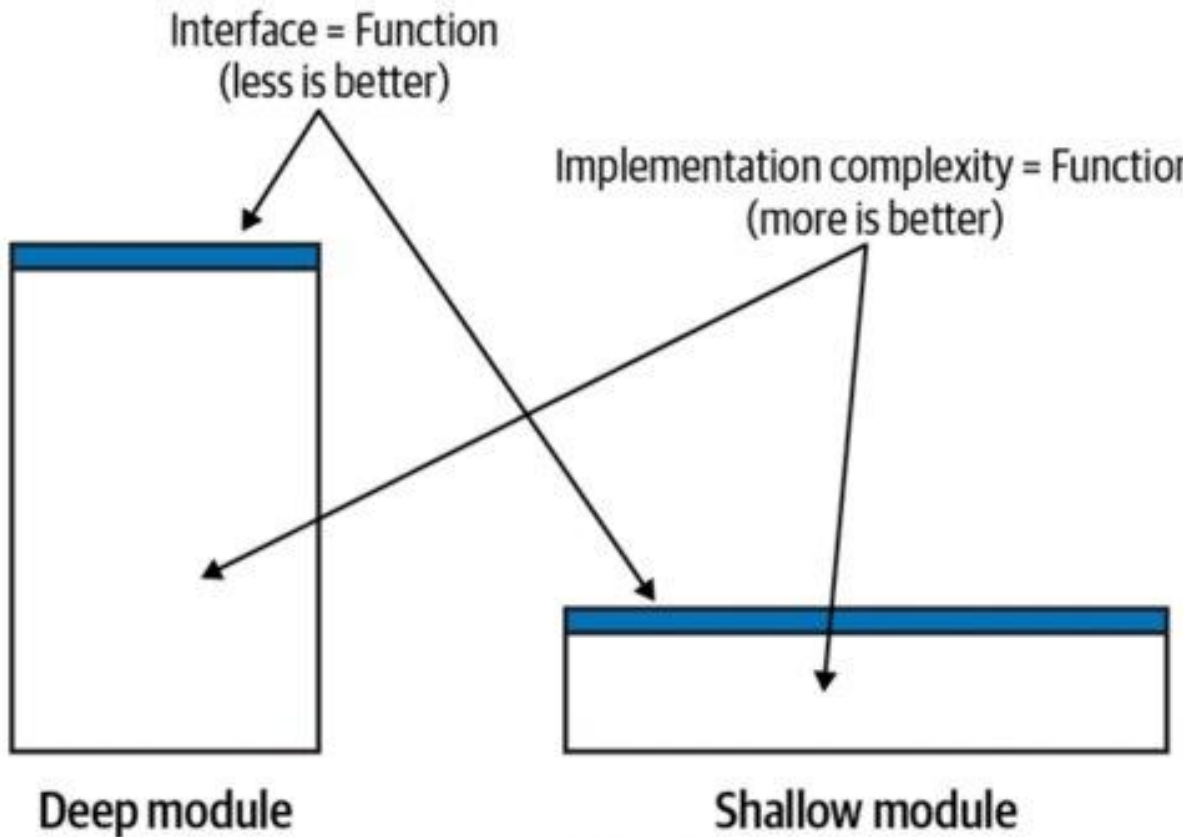
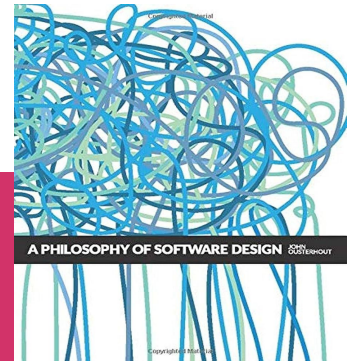


Figure 14-6. Deep modules



Como garantir certas regras?

ArchUnit

```
@Test
public void controllersShouldBeOnWebPackage() {
    JavaClasses importedClasses = new ClassFileImporter().importPackages("br.com.luroma.event.management");

    classes().that().haveSimpleNameEndingWith("Controller")
        .should().resideInAPackage("br.com.luroma.event.management.web")
        .check(importedClasses);
}
```

```
Architecture Violation [Priority: MEDIUM] - Rule 'classes that have simple name ending with 'Controller' should reside in a package 'br.com.luroma.event.management.web' was violated (1 times):
Class <br.com.luroma.event.management.domain.TesteController> does not reside in a package 'br.com.luroma.event.management.web' in (TesteController.java:0)
java.lang.AssertionError: Create breakpoint: Architecture Violation [Priority: MEDIUM] - Rule 'classes that have simple name ending with 'Controller' should reside in a package 'br.com.luroma.event
Class <br.com.luroma.event.management.domain.TesteController> does not reside in a package 'br.com.luroma.event.management.web' in (TesteController.java:0)
    at com.tngtech.archunit.lang.ArchRule$Assertions.assertNoViolation(ArchRule.java:94)
    at com.tngtech.archunit.lang.ArchRule$Assertions.check(ArchRule.java:86)
    at com.tngtech.archunit.lang.ArchRule$Factory$SimpleArchRule.check(ArchRule.java:165)
    at com.tngtech.archunit.lang.syntax.ObjectsShouldInternal.check(ObjectsShouldInternal.java:81)
    at br.com.luroma.event.management.EnforceControllersTest.controllersShouldBeOnWebPackage(EnforceControllersTest.java:17) <1 internal line>
    at java.base/java.util.ArrayList.forEach(ArrayList.java:1597)
    at java.base/java.util.ArrayList.forEach(ArrayList.java:1597)
```

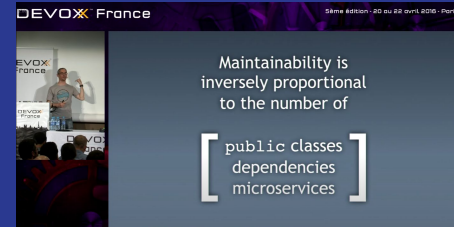
Public

```
@ArchTest
public static final ArchRule noPublicClassesTharAreNotInterfaces = classes()
    .that().areNotInterfaces()
    .or().haveSimpleNameEndingWith("Repository")
    .and().resideInAPackage("..component..")
    .should().notBePublic();
```



“Maintainability is inversely proportional to the number of public classes, dependencies and microservices...”

Simon Brown




event-management
Public
Pin
Unwatch 1

main
1 Branch
0 Tags

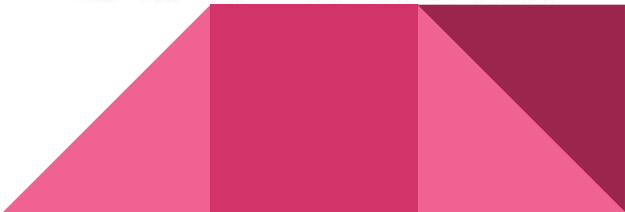
Add file
Code


lucasrogeriomasotti
WIP: Adding components

afbbe05 · yesterday

2 Commits

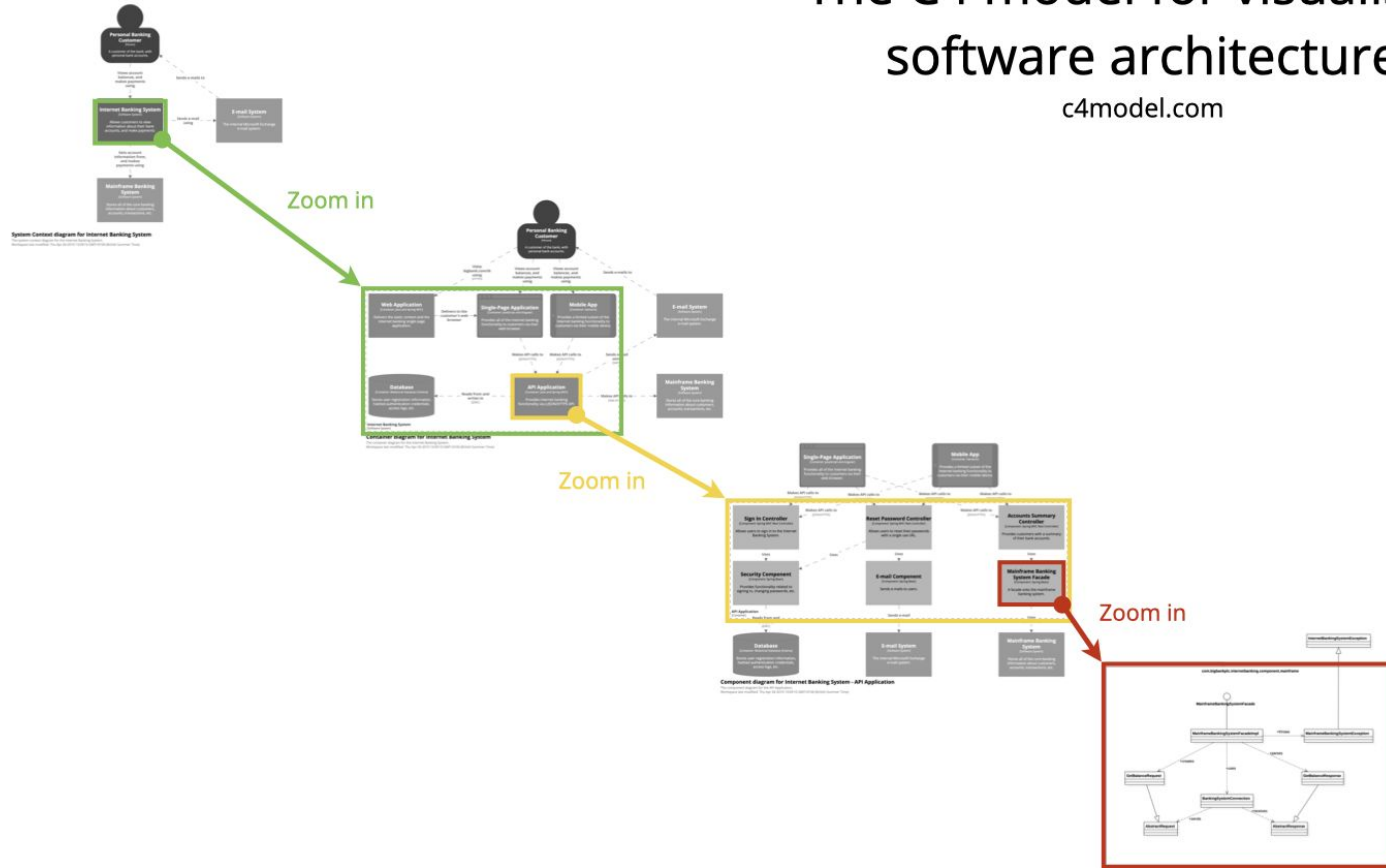
gradle/wrapper	First commit	4 days ago
src	WIP: Adding components	yesterday
.gitignore	First commit	4 days ago
build.gradle	First commit	4 days ago
gradlew	First commit	4 days ago
gradlew.bat	First commit	4 days ago
settings.gradle	First commit	4 days ago



Como eu visualizo?

The C4 model for visualising software architecture

c4model.com

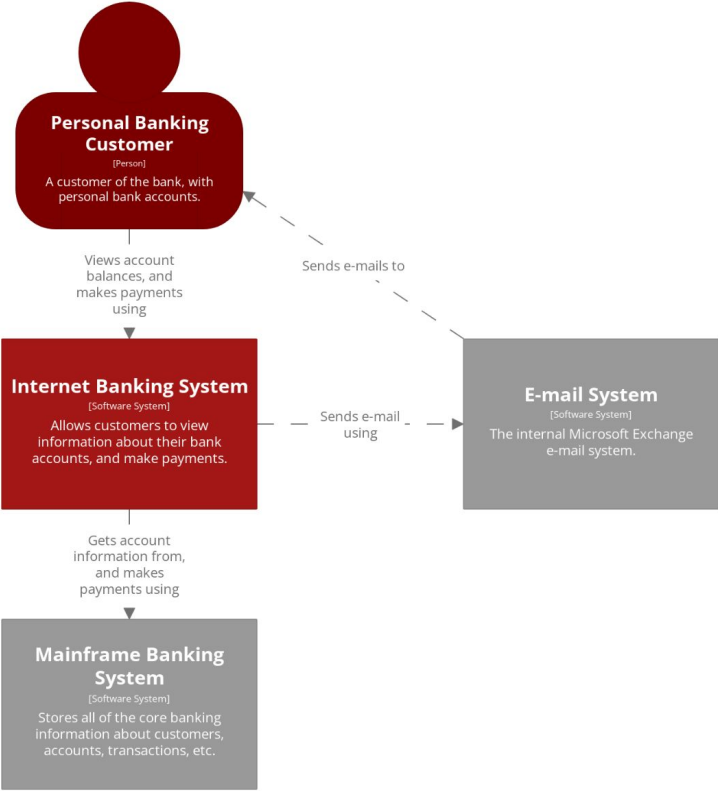


Level 1
Context

Level 2
Containers

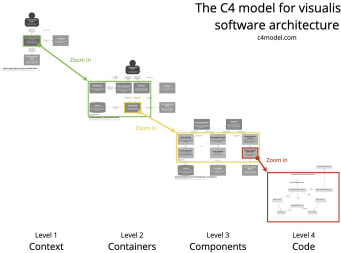
Level 3
Components

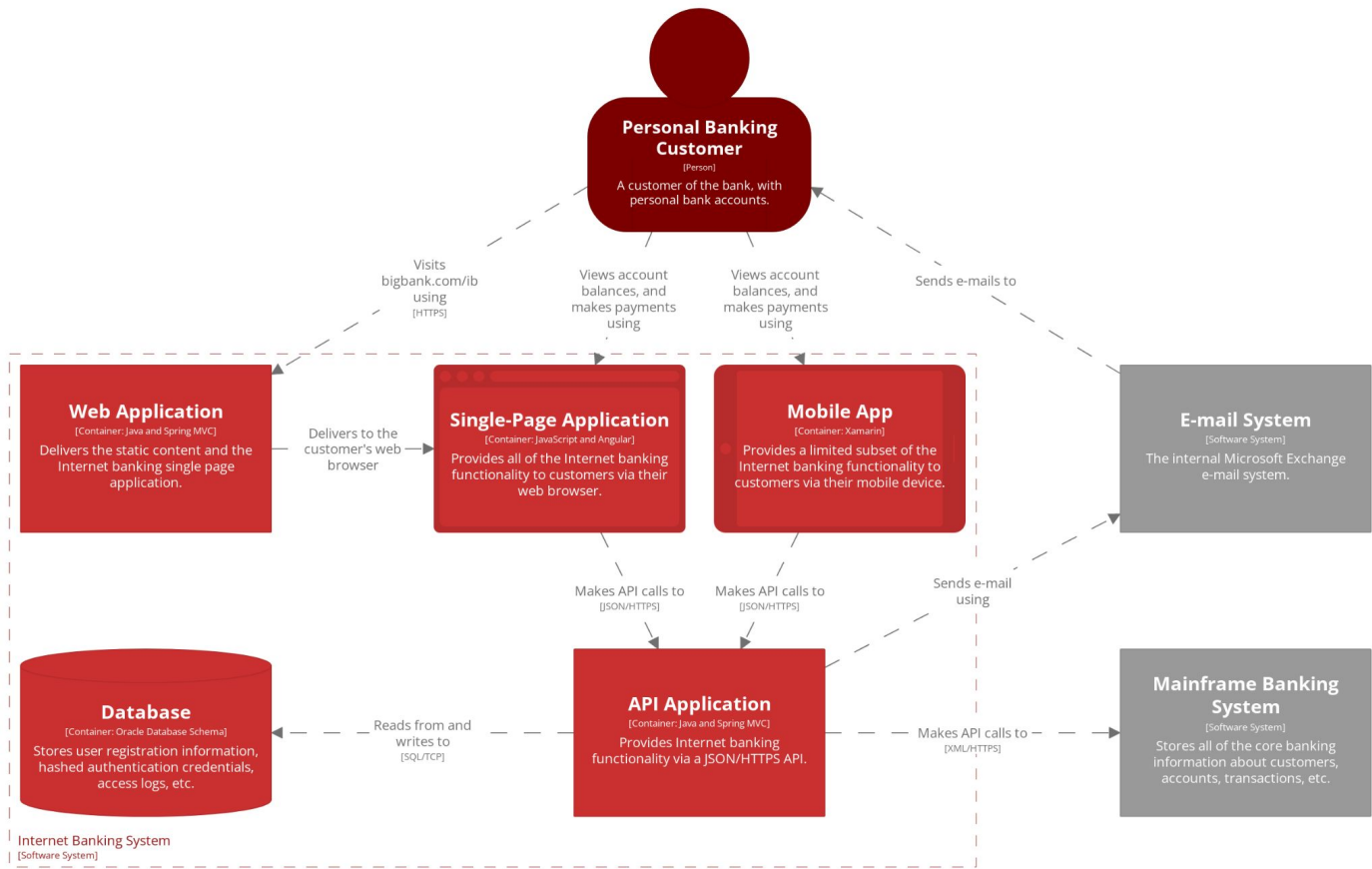
Level 4
Code



[System Context] Internet Banking System

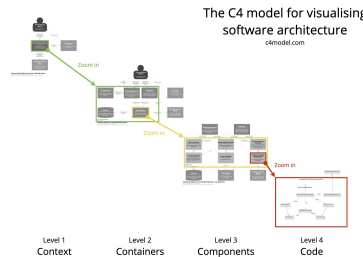
The system context diagram for the Internet Banking System - diagram created with Structurizr.
Wednesday, March 22, 2023 at 8:16 AM Coordinated Universal Time

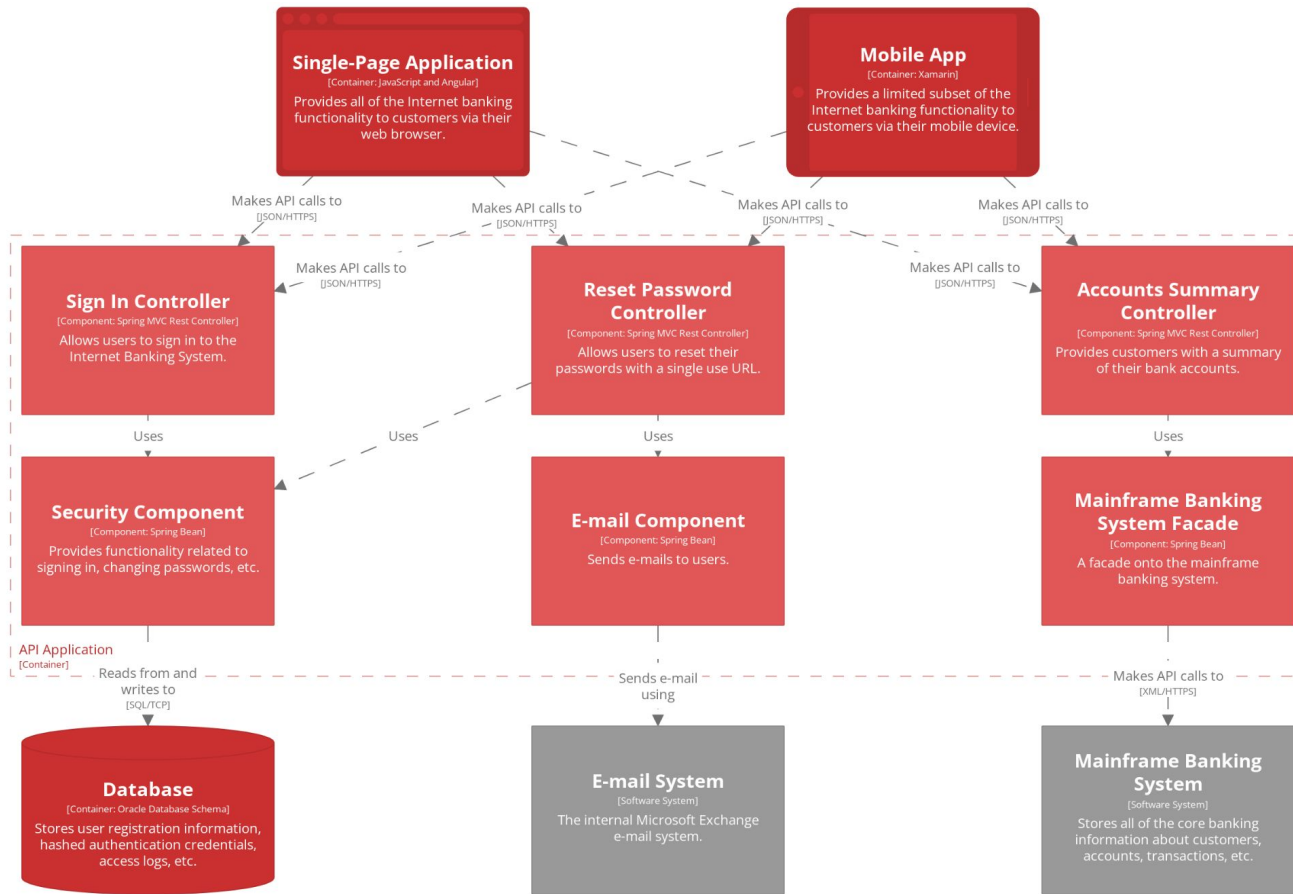




[Container] Internet Banking System

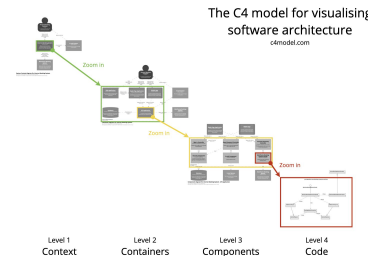
The container diagram for the Internet Banking System - diagram created with Structurizr.
 Wednesday, March 22, 2023 at 8:16 AM Coordinated Universal Time



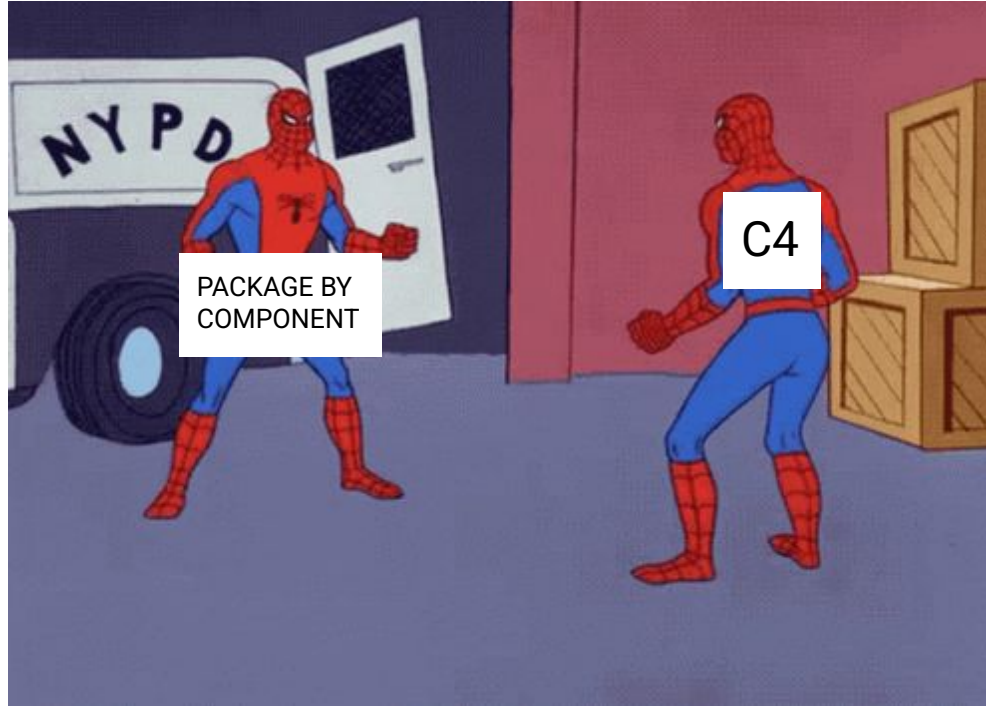


[Component] Internet Banking System - API Application

The component diagram for the API Application - diagram created with Structurizr.
Wednesday, March 22, 2023 at 8:16 AM Coordinated Universal Time



Components?



Diagramas Arquiteturais com C4 — Conceitos principais



Lucas Rogério Masotti

Published in Sicredi Tech · 6 min read · Mar 28, 2024



37



2



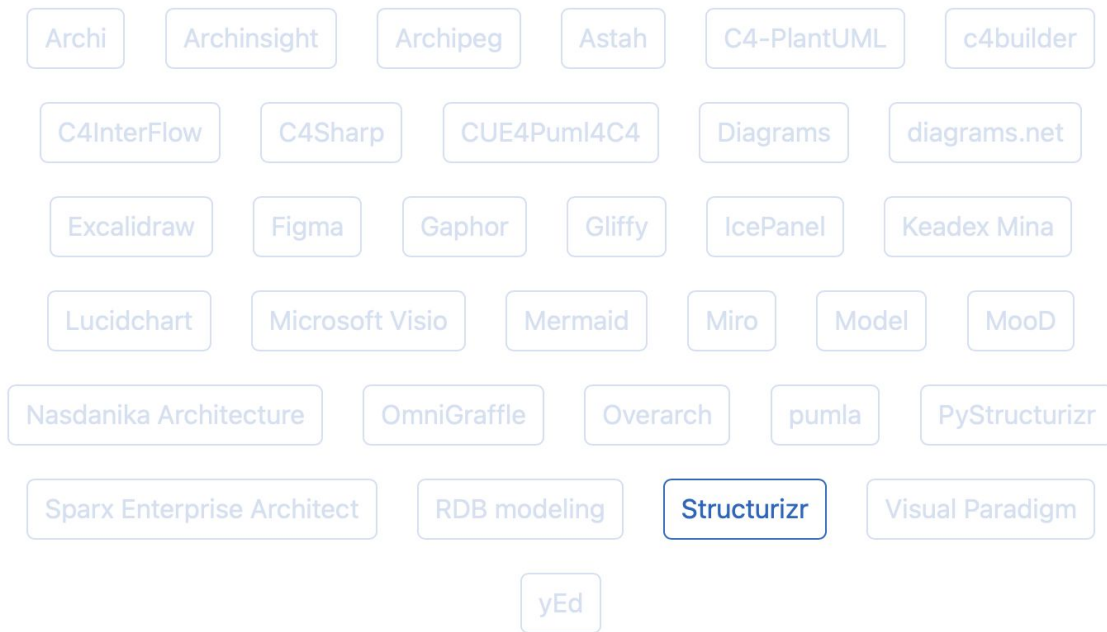
Imagine que você assumiu um sistema antigo, que ninguém mais na empresa conhece, e precisa alterar uma certa funcionalidade. O sistema é composto por vários componentes distintos e dezenas de milhares de linhas de código. Você procura por alguma documentação que possa dar uma luz de onde começar a olhar, mas não encontra nada.

Ou talvez você até encontre algo, mas é aquele desenho que mostra apenas um serviço chamando o outro, sem nenhuma contextualização do porquê, sem nenhum detalhe de tecnologias ou motivação.



Structurizr

- Diagram as code
 - Controle de versão
 - Integração com pipelines
 - Permite automatizar criação de diagramas
- Permite reúso de elementos
 - Separação model e view
- Open source



Na prática

implementation 'com.structurizr:structurizr-client:2.2.0'

```
public class StructurizrIntegration {  
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {  
        Workspace workspace = new Workspace( name: "Event Management", description: "Modular Monolith example application  
        using Simon Brown's proposal of package by component.");  
        Model model = workspace.getModel();  
        model.setImpliedRelationshipsStrategy(new CreateImpliedRelationshipsUnlessSameRelationshipExistsStrategy());  
  
        Person user = model.addPerson( name: "Event Host", description: "The user that creates the event.");  
        SoftwareSystem softwareSystem = model.addSoftwareSystem( name: "Event Management", description: "System responsible  
        for managing events.");  
  
        Container eventManagementFrontendContainer = softwareSystem.addContainer( name: "Web Application",  
        description: "Frontend for event management", technology: "React");  
        eventManagementFrontendContainer.addTags("Web");  
    }  
}
```

* Automatização da criação de diagramas

DSL

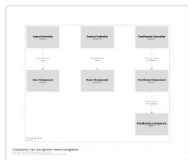
```
1 workspace "Name" "Description" {
2
3     !identifiers hierarchical
4
5     model {
6         u = person "User"
7         ss = softwareSystem "Software System" {
8             wa = container "Web Application"
9             db = container "Database Schema" {
10                 tags "Database"
11             }
12         }
13
14         u -> ss.wa "Uses"
15         ss.wa -> ss.db "Reads from and writes to"
16     }
17
18     views {
19         systemContext ss "Diagram1" {
20             include *
21             autolayout lr
22         }
23
24         container ss "Diagram2" {
25             include *
26             autolayout lr
27         }
28     }
```



[System Context] Event Management
#SystemContext



[Container] Event Management
#ContainerView



[Component] Event Management - event-management
#EventManagerComponentView



[Container] Event Management

Container diagram
quinta-feira, 19 de setembro de 2024 às 15:42 Horário Padrão de Brasília



**Structurizr - C4 models as code**
Visualise and document your software architecture with the C4 model
Verified
617 followers Jersey, Channel Islands help@structurizr.com

README .md

Structurizr - "C4 models as code"

Structurizr builds upon "diagrams as code", allowing you to create **multiple software architecture diagrams** from a **single model**.

See docs.structurizr.com for more.

Pinned

 **java** Public
Structurizr for Java
Java 998 285

 **examples** Public
Structurizr examples
Java 88 60

 **cli** Public
A command line utility for Structurizr.
Java 491 75

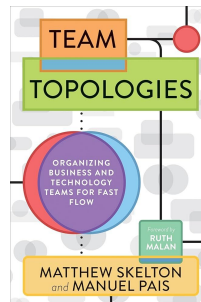
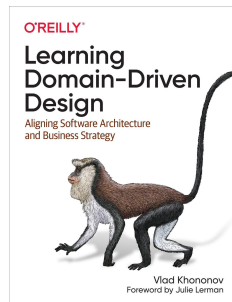
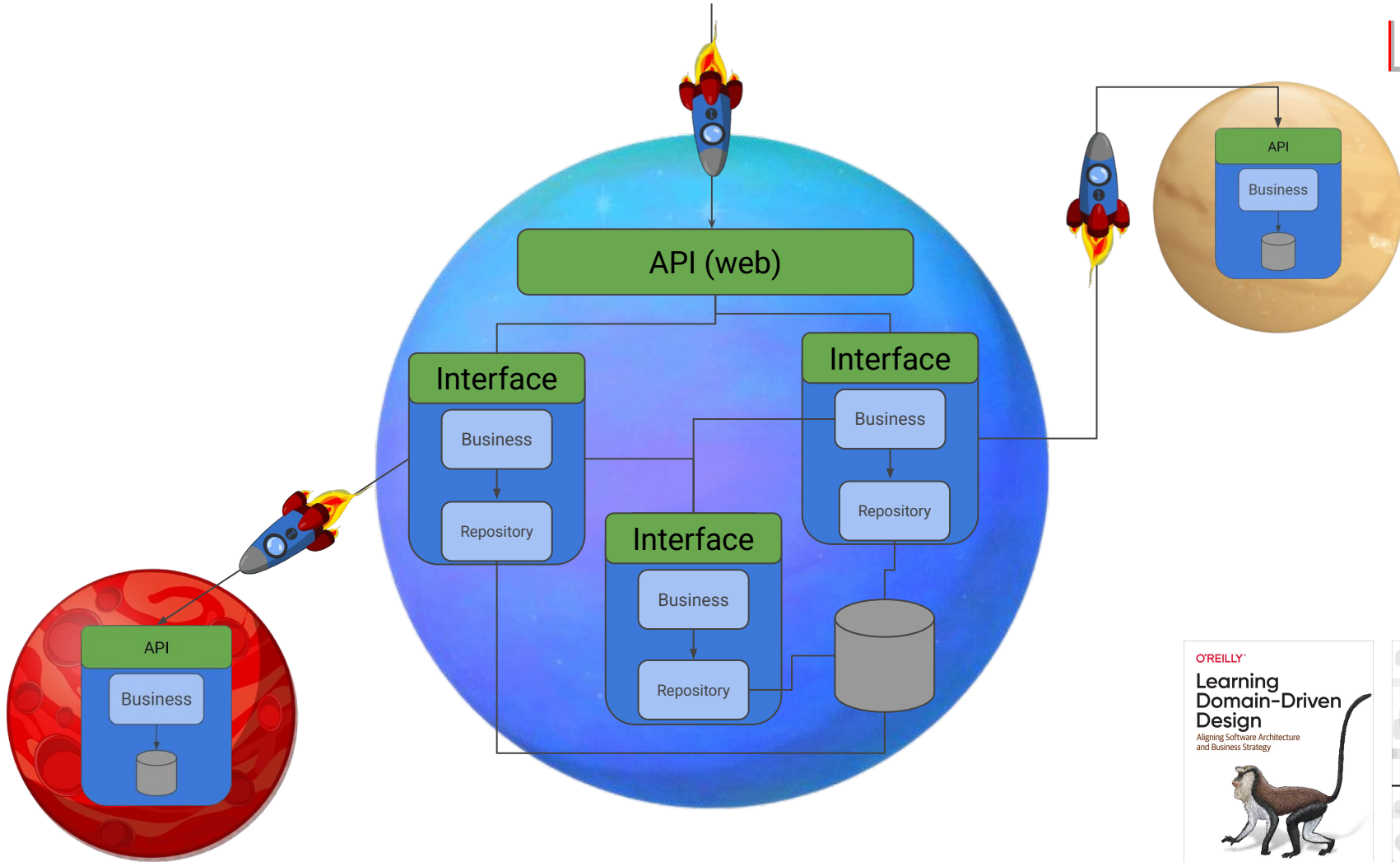
 **lite** Public
Structurizr Lite
Java 233 28

 **onpremises** Public
Structurizr on-premises installation
Java 134 51

 **cloud** Public
Structurizr cloud service (issues only)



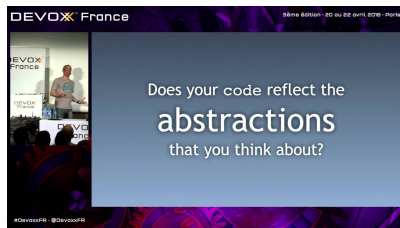
Big picture de arquitetura



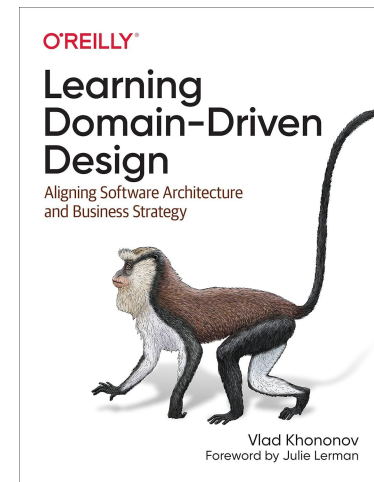
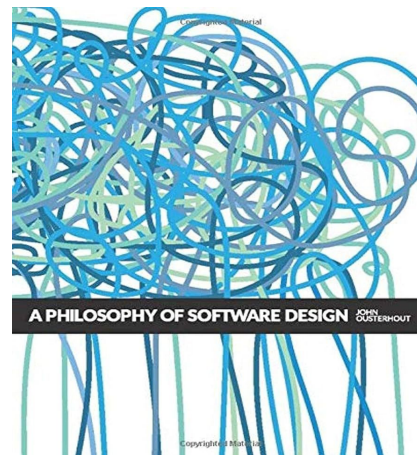
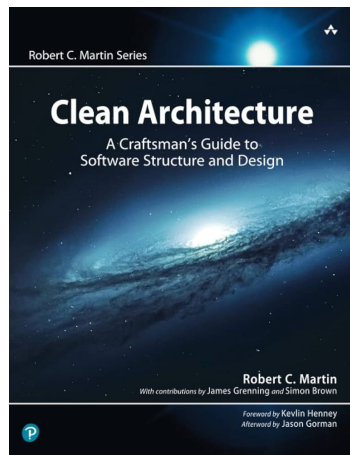
Referências e material complementar



Modular Monoliths • Simon Brown • GOTO 2018



Modular monoliths (Simon Brown)

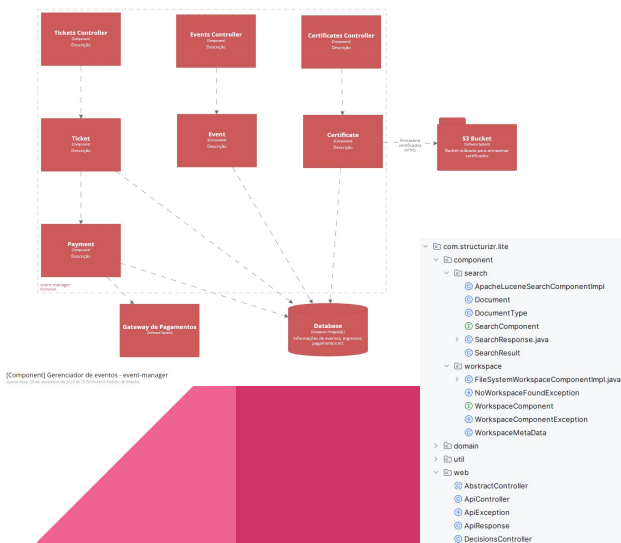


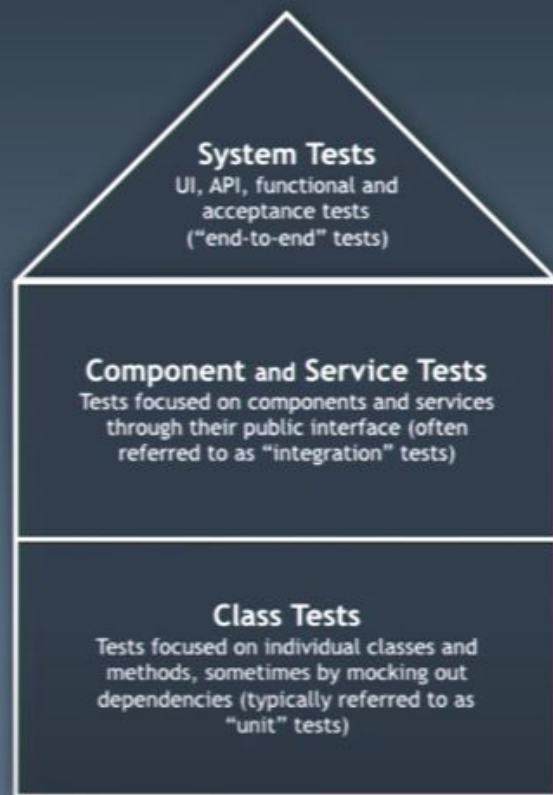
Concluindo

- Entenda os tradeoffs de uma arquitetura distribuída
- Considere Package by component
 - Alta coesão
 - Baixo acoplamento
 - Encapsula dados
 - Composable
 - **Simplicidade**
- Utilize C4 para visualizar sua arquitetura (Structurizr)
- Pare de usar tanto *public*
- **Reduza a complexidade acidental!**



Linkedin





Architecturally-aligned testing
(and a reshaped testing pyramid)

```
graph TD; subgraph Component; direction TB; Service[Service]; Repository[Repository]; Service -.->|Uses| Repository; end
```

Service

Uses

Repository

Component

Test the service in isolation?

(“unit tests”, with a mock repository)

Test the repository in isolation?

(“integration tests”, against the database)

Or test the component through
the public interface?

(“component tests”)